The House Committee on Governmental Affairs offers the following substitute to SB 175:

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 elections and primaries generally, so as to provide that the State Election Board shall be 3 administratively attached to the State Accounting Office; to provide for definitions; to revise 4 procedures for the removal of members of the State Election Board who were elected by a 5 house of the General Assembly; to limit the effective date of rules or regulations adopted by the State Election Board prior to a general primary, general election, or runoff thereof; to 6 7 authorize counties to make the list of electors open for inspection at no cost; to remove 8 authorization for the Secretary of State to become a member of a nongovernmental entity 9 whose purpose is to share and exchange information in order to improve the accuracy and 10 efficiency of voter registration systems; to provide for certain exceptions; to maintain an 11 exemption to the disclosure of certain documents; to prohibit the Secretary of State, other 12 state level actors, and local boards of registrars and election superintendents from 13 participating in certain multistate voter list maintenance organizations; to require the 14 termination of participation in any prohibited multistate voter list maintenance organizations; 15 to authorize the Secretary of State to enter into voter list maintenance joint compacts with 16 other states; to authorize the sharing of driver's license and identification card information; 17 to provide conditions for entering such compacts; to require the State Election Board to 18 submit to the General Assembly a report; to make conforming changes; to prohibit the

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19 acceptance of hand delivered absentee ballots between the end of the period of advance 20 voting and the opening of the polls on the day of the primary, election, or runoff; to allow 21 municipalities to opt out of providing advance voting on certain Saturdays for certain 22 municipal elections; to revise provisions related to the timelines for calling special elections 23 and the dates on which special elections can be held; to amend an Act to amend Chapter 2 24 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, related to elections and primaries generally, adopted on May 6, 2024 (Ga. L. 2024, p. 1028), so as to revise the effective date 25 of a provision related to tabulation of certain ballots so as to provide for contingent 26 27 effectiveness upon appropriation of funds instead of effectiveness on a date certain; to 28 provide for related matters; to provide for effective dates; to repeal conflicting laws; and for 29 other purposes.

30

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

31

## **SECTION 1.**

Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elections and
primaries generally, is amended in Code Section 21-2-2, relating to definitions, by adding
new paragraphs to read as follows:

35 "(11.1) 'Multistate voter list maintenance organization' means any entity, organization,

36 <u>consortium, or cooperative agreement among states or jurisdictions that involves the</u>

37 <u>sharing of voter registration data for the purpose of voter list maintenance.</u>"

38 "(39.1) 'Voter list maintenance' means the process of ensuring the accuracy and currency

39 of voter registration lists, including, but not limited to, removing ineligible voters and

40 <u>updating records.</u>"

41 **SECTION 2.** 42 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-30, relating to creation, membership, 43 terms of service, vacancies, quorum, bylaws, meetings, and executive director of the State 44 Election Board, by revising subsections (b) and (g) as follows: "(b) A member elected by a house of the General Assembly shall take office on the day 45 following the adjournment of the regular session in which elected and shall serve for a term 46 47 of two years and until his or her successor is elected and gualified, unless sooner removed. 48 An elected member of the board may be removed at any time the General Assembly is in 49 session by a majority vote of the house which elected him or her, or at any time when the General Assembly is not in session by the President of the Senate if such member was 50 51 elected by the Senate or by the Speaker of the House of Representatives if such member was elected by the House of Representatives. In the event a vacancy should occur in the 52 53 office of such a member of the board at a time when the General Assembly is not in 54 session, then the President of the Senate shall thereupon appoint an elector to fill the 55 vacancy if the prior incumbent of such office was elected by the Senate or appointed by the 56 President of the Senate; and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall thereupon 57 appoint an elector to fill the vacancy if the prior incumbent of such office was elected by 58 the House of Representatives or appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 59 A member appointed to fill a vacancy may be removed at any time by a majority vote of 60 the house whose presiding officer appointed him or her in the same manner as a member 61 elected by a house of the General Assembly." "(g) On and after July 1,  $\frac{2023}{2025}$ , the board shall be a separate and distinct budget unit 62 as defined in Part 1 of Article 4 of Chapter 12 of Title 45, the 'Budget Act' Code Section 63 64 45-12-71; provided, however, that the board shall be attached for administrative purposes 65 only to the office of the Secretary of State State Accounting Office as provided for in Code Section 50-4-3. The board shall neither be under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State 66

67 nor shall it be considered a division of the office of the Secretary of State."

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68	SECTION 2.1.
69	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-35, relating to emergency
70	rules and regulations, imminent peril requirement, and procedures, as follows:
71	"21-2-35.
72	(a) Except for emergency rule-making as provided for in subsection (b) of this Code
73	section, if the State Election Board adopts a rule, as defined in Code Section 50-13-2, or
74	a regulation and the date of such adoption is within 60 days of the date of a presidential
75	preference primary, general primary, special primary, general election, special election, or
76	runoff thereof, the effective date of such rule or regulation shall be 30 days following the
77	date of such primary, election, or runoff.
78	(a)(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, Chapter 3 of Title 38, relating
79	to emergency management, or Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative
80	Procedure Act,' to the contrary, the State Election Board may only adopt emergency rules
81	or regulations in circumstances of imminent peril to public health, safety, or welfare. To
82	adopt any such emergency rule or regulation, in addition to any other rule-making
83	requirement of this chapter or Chapter 13 of Title 50, the State Election Board shall:
84	(1) Give notice to the public of its intended action;
85	(2) Immediately upon the setting of the date and time of the meeting at which such
86	emergency rule or regulation is to be considered, give notice by email of its intended
87	action to:
88	(A) The Governor;
89	(B) The Lieutenant Governor;
90	(C) The Speaker of the House of Representatives;
91	(D) The chairpersons of the standing committees of each house of the General
92	Assembly tasked with election matters;
93	(E) The Secretary of State;
94	(F) Legislative counsel; and

- 95 (G) The chief executive officer of each political party registered pursuant to
  96 subsection (a) of Code Section 21-2-110; and
- 97 (3) State in the notices required by paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection the nature
  98 of the emergency and the manner in which such emergency represents an imminent peril
  99 to public health, safety, or welfare.
- (b)(c) Upon adoption or promulgation of any emergency rule or regulation pursuant to
   <u>subsection (b) of</u> this Code section, a majority of the State Election Board shall certify in
   writing that such emergency rule or regulation was made in strict and exact compliance
   with the provisions of this chapter and subsection (e) of Code Section 50-13-4.

104 (c)(d) In the event of any conflict between this Code section and any provision of
 105 Chapter 13 of Title 50, this Code section shall govern and supersede any such conflicting
 106 provision."

107

#### **SECTION 3.**

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-225, relating to restrictions on public inspection of applications for voter registration and data on electors, and membership of Secretary of State in nongovernmental entity for purpose of improving voter registration systems, by revising subsection (c) and adding a new subsection to read as follows:

112 "(c) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to furnish copies of such data as may be 113 collected and maintained on electors whose names appear on the list of electors maintained 114 by the Secretary of State pursuant to this article, within the limitations provided in this 115 article, on electronic media or computer run list or both. Notwithstanding any other 116 provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary of State shall establish the cost to be charged 117 for such data Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a county board of registrars or 118 election superintendent from making the list of electors in such county available for 119 inspection at no cost at its offices, on its website, or both within the limitations otherwise 120 provided in this article. The Secretary of State may contract with private vendors to make

121	such data available in accordance with this subsection.	Such data may not be used by any
122	person for commercial purposes."	
	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

- 123 "(d.1) The State Election Board shall submit to the General Assembly a report evaluating
- 124 procedures to improve the accuracy and efficiency of the voter registration system without
- 125 participating in a nongovernmental entity with the purpose of sharing voter registration
- 126 information. Such report shall include recommended amendments or modifications of state
- 127 law governing voter registration procedures and the sharing of voting registration
- 128 <u>information with officials in other states</u>. The State Election Board shall provide the report
- 129 required by this subsection to the chairpersons of the Senate Ethics Committee and the
- 130 House Committee on Governmental Affairs no later than December 31, 2025. This
- 131 <u>subsection shall stand repealed on July 1, 2026.</u>"
- 132

#### SECTION 3.1.

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-225, relating to restrictions on public inspection of applications for voter registration and data on electors, and membership of Secretary of State in nongovernmental entity for purpose of improving voter registration systems, effective on July 1, 2027, by revising subsection (d) and adding new subsections to read as follows:

138 "(d)(1) The Secretary of State may become a member of a nongovernmental entity whose 139 purpose is to share and exchange information in order to improve the accuracy and 140 efficiency of voter registration systems. The membership of the nongovernmental entity 141 shall be composed solely of election officials of state and territorial governments of the 142 United States, except that such membership may also include election officials of the 143 District of Columbia.
144 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary of State may

- share confidential and exempt information after becoming a member of such
- 146 nongovernmental entity as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

S. B. 175 (SUB) - 6 - 147 (3) The Secretary of State may become a member of such nongovernmental entity only
148 if such entity is controlled and operated by the participating jurisdictions. The entity shall
149 not be operated or controlled by the federal government or any other entity acting on
150 behalf of the federal government. The Secretary of State must be able to withdraw at any
151 time from any such membership in such nongovernmental entity.

152 (4) If the Secretary of State becomes a member of such nongovernmental entity, the

153 Department of Driver Services shall, pursuant to an agreement with the Secretary of

State, provide driver's license or identification card information related to voter eligibility
 to the Secretary of State for the purpose of sharing and exchanging voter registration

156 information with such nongovernmental entity.

(5)(d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, upon the Secretary of State becoming a 157 member of a nongovernmental entity as provided in this subsection, any information 158 159 received by the Secretary of State prior to the effective date of this subsection from the a 160 nongovernmental entity whose purpose was to share and exchange information in order to improve the accuracy and efficiency of voter registration systems is exempt from 161 162 disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating to open records, and any other 163 provision of law. However, the Secretary of State may provide such information to the 164 boards of registrars to conduct voter registration list maintenance activities.

165 (e)(1) The Secretary of State or any other state department, agency, board, bureau, office,

166 <u>commission</u>, public corporation, or authority or any board of registrars or election

167 superintendent shall be prohibited from joining or participating in any multistate voter list

168 <u>maintenance organization that:</u>

## 169 (A) Requires or encourages the contacting of individuals who are not currently

- 170 registered to vote with the intent to register them to vote; or
- 171 (B) Shares voter data outside of the explicit purpose of removing deceased, duplicate,
- 172 <u>or otherwise ineligible voters from the list of electors.</u>

173	(2) The Secretary of State or any other state department, agency, board, bureau, office,
174	commission, public corporation, or authority or any board of registrars or election
175	superintendent shall terminate participation in any multistate voter list maintenance
176	$\underline{organization prohibited by paragraph (1) of this subsection within 90 days of the effective}$
177	date of this subsection.
178	(f)(1) In order to improve the accuracy and efficiency of the voter registration system,
179	the Secretary of State shall be authorized to enter into joint compacts with the chief
180	election official of any other state or states for the purpose of sharing information for
181	voter list maintenance.
182	(2) Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the Secretary of State may
183	share confidential and exempt information after becoming a member of such voter list
184	maintenance joint compact.
185	(3) If the Secretary of State becomes a member of such voter list maintenance joint
186	compact, the Department of Driver Services shall, pursuant to an agreement with the
187	Secretary of State, provide driver's license or identification card information related to
188	voter eligibility to the Secretary of State for the purpose of sharing and exchanging voter
189	registration information with the other state or states participating in such compact.
190	(4) The Secretary of State must be able to withdraw from any such joint compact at any
191	time."

192

#### **SECTION 4.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 21-2-232, relating
to removal of elector's name from list of electors, as follows:

195 "(b)(1) When an elector of this state moves to another state and registers to vote and the 196 registration officials in such state send a notice of cancellation reflecting the registration 197 of the elector in the other state, which includes a copy of such elector's voter registration 198 application bearing the elector's signature, the Secretary of State or the board of registrars, as the case may be, shall remove such elector's name from the list of electors.
It shall not be necessary to send a confirmation notice to the elector in such circumstances.

(2) When an elector of this state moves to another state and the registration officials in
such other state or a nongovernmental entity as described in subsection (d) of Code
Section 21-2-225 send a notice of cancellation or other information indicating that the
elector has moved to such state but such notice or information does not include a copy
of such elector's voter registration application in such other state bearing the elector's
signature, the Secretary of State or the board of registrars, as the case may be, shall send
a confirmation notice to the elector as provided in Code Section 21-2-234.

209 (3) Once becoming a member of the nongovernmental entity described in subsection (d)

210 of Code Section 21-2-225, the Secretary of State shall obtain regular information from

211 such entity regarding electors who may have moved to another state, died, or otherwise

212 become ineligible to vote in Georgia. The Secretary of State shall use such information

213 to conduct list maintenance on the list of eligible electors."

214

## **SECTION 5.**

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-382, relating to additional buildings
as additional registrar's office or place of registration for receiving absentee ballots and for
advance voting, and drop boxes, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

218 "(b.1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this article to the contrary, the registrars or

219 <u>absentee ballot clerk shall not accept the hand delivery of any absentee ballot following the</u>

220 end of the period of advance voting provided for in subsection (d) of Code

221 Section 21-2-385; provided, however, that this subsection shall not apply to:

(1) Any absentee ballots delivered to the registrars or absentee ballot clerks at the
 registrars' or absentee ballot clerk's office on the date of a primary, election, or runoff
 during the hours polls are open on such day;

225	(2) Absentee ballots hand delivered to the registrars or absentee ballot clerks at the
226	registrars' or absentee ballot clerk's office on the Monday prior to the date of a primary
227	or election, if open for business, between the hours of 7:00 A.M. and 7:00 P.M.;
228	provided, however, that the registrar or absentee ballot clerk shall provide public notice,
229	at least 14 days prior to such date, that absentee ballots will be accepted at such locations
230	on such date and times;
231	(3) Absentee ballots delivered to the registrars or absentee ballot clerks by the United
232	States Postal Service or other common carrier; or
233	(4) Absentee ballots cast pursuant to the federal Uniformed and Overseas Citizens
234	Absentee Voting Act, 52 U.S.C. Section 20301, et seq., as amended."
235	SECTION 6.
236	Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-385, relating to procedure for voting
237	by absentee ballot and advance voting, by revising $paragraph(1)$ of subsection (d) as follows:
238	"(d)(1) There shall be a period of advance voting that shall commence:
239	(A) On the fourth Monday immediately prior to each primary or election; and
240	(B) As soon as possible prior to a runoff from any general primary or election but no
241	later than the second Monday immediately prior to such runoff
242	and shall end on the Friday immediately prior to each primary, election, or runoff.
243	Voting shall be conducted beginning at 9:00 A.M. and ending at 5:00 P.M. on weekdays,
244	other than observed state holidays, during such period and shall be conducted on the
245	second and third Saturdays during the hours of 9:00 A.M. through 5:00 P.M. and, if the
246	registrar or absentee ballot clerk so chooses, the second Sunday, the third Sunday, or both
247	the second and third Sundays prior to a primary or election during hours determined by
248	the registrar or absentee ballot clerk, but no longer than 7:00 A.M. through 7:00 P.M.;
249	provided, however, that, if such second Saturday is a public and legal holiday pursuant
250	to Code Section 1-4-1, if such second Saturday follows a public and legal holiday

occurring on the Thursday or Friday immediately preceding such second Saturday, or if 251 252 such second Saturday immediately precedes a public and legal holiday occurring on the 253 following Sunday or Monday, such advance voting shall not be held on such second 254 Saturday but shall be held on the third Saturday prior to such primary or election beginning at 9:00 A.M. and ending at 5:00 P.M. Except as otherwise provided in this 255 256 paragraph, the registrars may extend the hours for voting to permit advance voting 257 from 7:00 A.M. until 7:00 P.M. and may provide for additional voting locations pursuant 258 to Code Section 21-2-382 to suit the needs of the electors of the jurisdiction at their 259 option: provided, however, that voting shall occur only on the days specified in this paragraph and counties and municipalities shall not be authorized to conduct advance 260 voting on any other days. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph to the 261 contrary, the governing authority of a municipality may opt out of conducting voting on 262 one or more Saturdays during the period of advance voting in any municipal election for 263 such municipality, by action taken during a duly called public meeting of the governing 264 authority; provided, however, that the provisions of this sentence shall not apply to any 265 266 municipal election that is held concurrent with and on the same date as any county or 267 state primary, election, or runoff thereof."

268

#### **SECTION 7.**

269 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 21-2-540, relating to conduct and timing of 270 special primaries and special elections generally, by revising subsection (b) and 271 paragraph (2) of subsection (c) as follows:

272 "(b) At least 29 days shall intervene between the call of a special primary and the holding 273 of same, and at least 29 days shall intervene between the call of a special election and the 274 holding of same. The period during which candidates may qualify to run in a special 275 primary or a special election shall remain open for a minimum of two and one-half days. 276 Special elections to present questions to the voters which are to be held in conjunction with

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the presidential preference primary, a state-wide general primary, or state-wide general 277 election, state-wide special primary, or state-wide special election shall be called at least 278 279 90 days prior to the date of such presidential preference primary, state-wide general 280 primary, or state-wide general election, state-wide special primary, or state-wide special 281 election; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to special elections to 282 present questions to the voters held on the same date as such presidential preference 283 primary, state-wide general primary, or state-wide general election, state-wide special 284 primary, or state-wide special election but conducted completely separate and apart from 285 such state-wide general primary or state-wide general election using different ballots or 286 voting equipment, facilities, poll workers, and paperwork."

287 "(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a special election to
288 present a question to the voters shall be held only on one of the following dates which is
289 at least 29 days after the date of the call for the special election:

- 290 (A) In odd-numbered years, any such special election shall only be held on the:
- 291 (i) The third Tuesday in March or on the;

292 (ii) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November; and or

293 (iii) The date of and in conjunction with any state-wide special primary or special

294 election if one is held that year, regardless of whether or not such special primary or

295 special election is held pursuant to the terms of this chapter; provided, however, that

- 296 the 90 days call provision of subsection (b) of this Code section shall not apply to a
- 297 <u>special election held pursuant to this division; and</u>
- (B) In even-numbered years, any such special election shall only be held on:
- (i) The date of and in conjunction with the presidential preference primary if one isheld that year;
- 301 (ii) The third Tuesday in March; provided, however, that such special election shall
  302 occur prior to July 1, 2024, and present a question to the voters on sales and use taxes
  303 authorized by Articles 5, 5A, and 5B of Chapter 8 of Title 48;

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304	(iii) The date of the general primary; or
305	(iv) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November."

306

#### **SECTION 8.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-540, relating to conduct and
timing of special primaries and special elections generally, effective on July 1, 2026, as
follows:

310 *"*21-2-540.

311 (a)(1) Every special primary and special election shall be held and conducted in all 312 respects in accordance with the provisions of this chapter relating to general primaries 313 and general elections; and the provisions of this chapter relating to general primaries and 314 general elections shall apply thereto insofar as practicable and as not inconsistent with 315 any other provisions of this chapter. All special primaries and special elections held at 316 the time of a general primary, as provided by Code Section 21-2-541, shall be conducted 317 by the poll officers by the use of the same equipment and facilities, insofar as practicable, 318 as are used for such general primary. All special primaries and special elections held at 319 the time of a general election, as provided by Code Section 21-2-541, shall be conducted 320 by the poll officers by the use of the same equipment and facilities, insofar as practicable, 321 as are used for such general election.

322 (2) If a vacancy occurs in a partisan office to which the Governor is authorized to
323 appoint an individual to serve until the next general election, a special primary shall
324 precede the special election.

325 (b) At least 29 <u>60</u> days shall intervene between the call of a special primary and the 326 holding of same, and at least 29 <u>45</u> days shall intervene between the call of a special 327 election and the holding of same. The period during which candidates may qualify to run 328 in a special primary or a special election shall remain open for a minimum of two and 329 one-half days. Special elections to present questions to the voters which are to be held in

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330 conjunction with the presidential preference primary, a state-wide general primary, 331 state-wide general election, state-wide special primary, or state-wide special election shall 332 be called at least 90 days prior to the date of such presidential preference primary, 333 state-wide general primary, state-wide general election, state-wide special primary, or 334 state-wide special election; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to special elections to present questions to the voters held on the same date as such 335 336 presidential preference primary, state-wide general primary, state-wide general election, 337 state-wide special primary, or state-wide special election but conducted completely 338 separate and apart from such state-wide general primary or state-wide general election 339 using different ballots or voting equipment, facilities, poll workers, and paperwork.

340 (c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a special primary or 341 special election to fill a vacancy in a county or municipal office shall be held only on one of the following dates which is at least 29 60 days after the date of the call for the special 342 343 election:

- 344 (A) In odd-numbered years, any such special primary or special election shall only be 345 held on:
- 346 (i) The third Tuesday in March;
- 347 (ii) The third Tuesday in June; or
- 348 (iii) The third Tuesday in September; or
- 349 (iv) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November; and
- 350 (B) In even-numbered years, any such special primary or special election shall only be held on: 351

352 (i) The third Tuesday in March; provided, however, that in the event that a special 353 primary or special election is to be held under this provision in a year in which a 354 presidential preference primary is to be held, then any such special primary or special 355 election shall be held on the date of and in conjunction with the presidential 356 preference primary;

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357	(ii) The date of the general primary; or
358	(iii) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November;
359	provided, however, that, in the event that a special primary or special election to fill a
360	federal or state office on a date other than the dates provided in this paragraph has been
361	scheduled and it is possible to hold a special primary or special election to fill a vacancy
362	in a county, municipal, or school board office in conjunction with such special primary
363	or special election to fill a federal or state office, the special primary or special election
364	to fill such county, municipal, or school board office may be held on the date of and in
365	conjunction with such special primary or special election to fill such federal or state
366	office, provided all other provisions of law regarding such primaries and elections are
367	met.
368	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a special election to
369	present a question to the voters shall be held only on one of the following dates which is
370	at least $\frac{29}{45}$ days after the date of the call for the special election:
371	(A) In odd-numbered years, any such special election shall only be held on:
372	(i) The third Tuesday in March;
373	(ii) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
374	(iii) The date of and in conjunction with any state-wide special primary or special
375	election if one is held that year, regardless of whether or not such special primary or
376	special election is held pursuant to the terms of this chapter; provided, however, that
377	the 90 days call provision of subsection (b) of this Code section shall not apply to a
378	special election held pursuant to this division; and
379	(B) In even-numbered years, any such special election shall only be held on:
380	(i) The date of and in conjunction with the presidential preference primary if one is
381	held that year;

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382	(ii) The third Tuesday in March; provided, however, that such special election shall
383	occur prior to July 1, 2024, and present a question to the voters on sales and use taxes
384	authorized by Articles 5, 5A, and 5B of Chapter 8 of Title 48;
385	(iii) The date of the general primary; or
386	(iv)(iii) The Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
387	(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:
388	(A) Special elections held pursuant to Chapter 4 of this title, the 'Recall Act of 1989,'
389	to recall a public officer or to fill a vacancy in a public office caused by a recall
390	election; and
391	(B) Special primaries or special elections to fill vacancies in federal or state public
392	offices.
393	(d) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the superintendent of each county or
394	municipality shall publish the call of the special primary or special election.
395	(e)(1) Candidates in special elections for partisan offices that are not preceded by special
396	primaries shall be listed alphabetically on the ballot and may choose to designate on the
397	ballot their party affiliation. The party affiliation selected by a candidate shall not be
398	changed following the close of qualifying.
399	(2) Candidates in special primaries shall be listed alphabetically on the ballot."
400	SECTION 9.
401	(a) Except as provided for in subsection (b) of this section, this Act shall become effective
402	on July 1, 2025.
403	(b)(1) Sections 3, 7, 10, and this section of this Act shall become effective upon its
404	approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.
405	(2) Section 8 of this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2026.
406	(3) Sections 3.1 and 4 of this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2027.

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## **SECTION 10.**

408 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.